Table 2.3 Utah Coal Resources by Coal Field, 2007

Million Short Tons

Coal Field	Original Principal Resource <sup>1</sup>	Original Estimated Recoverable Resource <sup>2</sup>	Cumulative Production 1870-2007	Remaining Estimated Recoverable Resource	% of Remaining Estimated Recoverable Resource
Kaiparowits	22,740.0	9,096.0	0.1	9,095.9	60.4%
Wasatch Plateau	6,378.9	1,913.7	616.5	1,297.2	8.6%
Alton	2,155.0	1,055.7	0.0	1,055.7	7.0%
Kolob	2,014.3	805.9	0.9	805.0	5.3%
Emery	2,336.0	817.6	13.3	804.3	5.3%
<b>Book Cliffs</b>	3,527.3	1,033.5	341.9	691.6	4.6%
Henry Mountains	925.5	484.7	0.0	484.7	3.2%
Sego	1,144.0	343.2	2.7	340.5	2.3%
Salina Canyon	692.7	207.8	0.5	207.3	1.4%
Mt. Pleasant	249.1	99.6	0.0	99.6	0.7%
Tabby Mountain	231.7	69.4	0.0	69.4	0.5%
Vernal	177.1	53.2	0.5	52.7	0.3%
Coalville	186.0	55.8	4.3	51.5	0.3%
Wales	12.2	3.7	0.8	2.9	*
Harmony	1.3	0.4	0.0	0.4	*
Lost Creek	1.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	*
Sterling	2.0	0.6	0.3	0.3	*
Total	42,774.2	16,041.2	981.8	15,059.4	

<sup>\*</sup>Value less than 0.1%

Source: Smith and Jahanbani, 1988; Quick and others, 2004; Bon and others, 2006; production data from UGS coal

company questionnaires

Note: EIA reserve data will not match above data because they are from different sources. Estimated recoverable

resources do not take into account economic or land use constraints.

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mbox{Total}$  coal resource with no economic, land use, or geologic constraints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>For Wasatch Plateau, Alton, Emery, Book Cliffs, and Henry Mountains; resources were constrained by a seam height minimum of four feet, with no more than 3000 feet of cover. For the remaining fields, resources were constrained by an estimated resource factor ranging from 30% to 40% of principal resources.

Figure 2.1 - Remaining Estimated Recoverable Resources in Utah by Coal Field, 2007

